

Effectiveness Evaluation

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Forest and Range Evaluation Program
Victoria, BC
February 16, 2023

BY:
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FOREST SCIENCE, PLANNING AND PRACTICES BRANCH
MINISTRY OF FORESTS



Outline – Water Quality

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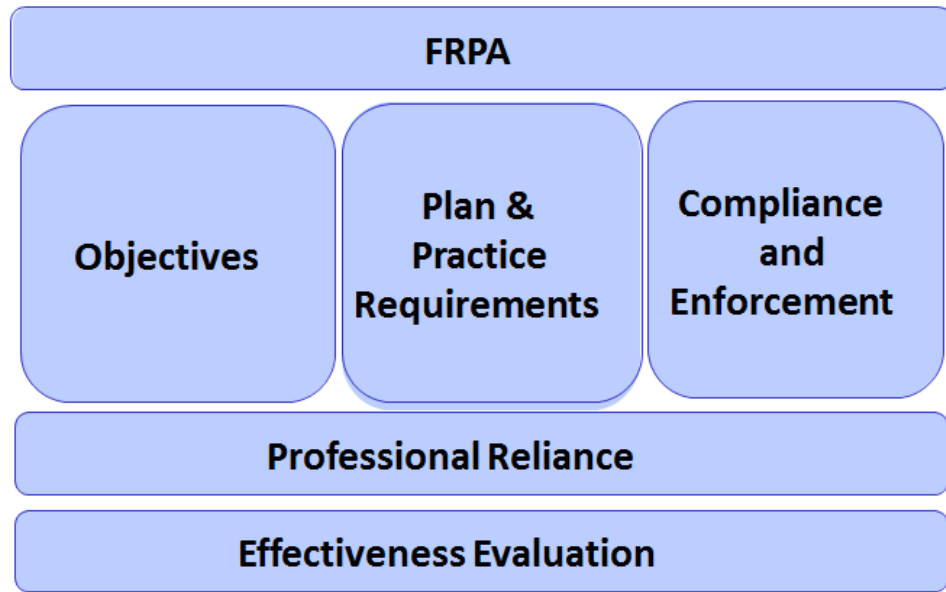
- ▶ Why are we monitoring?
- ▶ What is being monitored
 - ▶ Monitoring question
 - ▶ Protocol summary
 - ▶ Scoring
 - ▶ WQ app
 - ▶ Scoring
- ▶ Results / recommendation
- ▶ Application of results
 - ▶ FREP dashboard
 - ▶ District reporting
- ▶ Reports & publications



Why: Forest and Range Practices Act (FRPA)

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FRPA: Results-based,
Professional Reliance Model



- ▶ Assessments to determine if the FRPA Professional Reliance Model is managing and protecting the 11 FRPA values:
 - ▶ *Water quality: Are forest practices effective in protecting water quality for fish habitat and domestic purposes*
- ▶ Evaluate operational outcomes
- ▶ Conduct timely, credible and appropriate evaluations
- ▶ Make recommendations on legislation & policy
- ▶ Manage information & data
- ▶ Communicate results & recommendations

Why: Provincial / Federal legislation

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Provincial

Forest & Range Practices Act

Legislation / Reg's: FRPA, FPPR, WLPPR & RPPR

Example: FPPR:

- ▶ Objective 8.0, 8.1, & 8.2
 - ▶ FPPR: s. 39, 50, 52, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59,
 - ▶ 60, 61, 62, 63, 82 & 84
- ▶ Drinking Water Protection Act
- ▶ Water Sustainability Act
- ▶ Waste Disposal Act

Federal

Federal Fisheries Act

34 (1) deleterious substance means

(a) any substance that, if added to any water, would degrade or alter...

34.3 (1) ensure the free passage of fish

34.4 (1) No... work, undertaking or activity, other than fishing, that results in the death of fish.

35 (1) No person shall carry on any work, undertaking or activity that results in the harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of fish habitat **(HADD)**.

FREP Water Quality question

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Water quality:

- Are forest practices effective in protecting water quality for fish habitat and drinking water?

Completed by:

- ▶ Routine level assessment, conducted by district staff
 - ▶ **Routine evaluations** are low intensity, overview evaluations that use relatively simple qualitative indicators that can be obtained at most sites, such as visual estimates (length/width/% cover etc.) and/or yes/no answers.
- ▶ Randomly selected cutblocks (unbiased sampling)
- ▶ Focus on fine (<1mm) sediment generation
- ▶ Repeatable
- ▶ Fast (<1/2 hour per site)
- ▶ Evaluates current condition
- ▶ Provides a means to communicate
- ▶ Identifies order of magnitude estimate for sediment generation & severity of ill effects on fish habitat



Summary of WQEE protocol

- ▶ Monitors randomly selected cutblocks and roads
- ▶ Follows the road back to the mill / landing
- ▶ Estimate connectivity
- ▶ Assess exposed mineral soil, soil texture, amount of traffic, slope, road construction materials, stream characteristics, fecal coliforms connectivity (range)
- ▶ Estimate volume of fines erodible
- ▶ Estimate bankful discharge
- ▶ Estimate severity of ill effects on fish habitat
- ▶ Identifies remediation opportunities (if necessary)
- ▶ Reports Moderate/High scores to managers / licensees



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Severity of ill effects – based on estimated levels of turbidity over 10 days on sensitive fish (salmon and trout - Newcombe).

Total Volume of Fine Sediment generated at site (WQ Index)	Site Sediment Generation Potential Classes (based on consensus of field practitioners)	Associated General Level of Management of Site
<0.2 m ³	Very Low	 <p>Good</p> <p>Poor</p>
0.2-1 m ³	Low	
1-5 m ³	Moderate	
5-20 m ³	High	
>20 m ³	Very High	

Effect on Sensitive Fish	Sediment duration of 10 days
Not impaired (<i>Impact Class 0</i>)	< 10 mg/l (<5 ntu)
Slightly Impaired Minor Physiological stress (<i>Impact Class 1,2,3</i>)	10-40 mg/l (5-20 ntu)
Moderately impaired (<i>Impact class 4,5,6,7, 8</i>)	20- 400 mg/l (20- 200 ntu)
Severely Impaired (<i>Impact class 9,10,11,12</i>)	>400 mg/l (> 200 ntu)

FREP WQ app

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WQEE Field 2022

Video Tutorials WQEE Field Map Current Sites Import PDF XLXS

BRITISH COLUMBIA The Best Place on Earth Forest and Range Evaluation Program

Sample Site ID 1 Other ID test Opening ID Data

Date Created 2022-03-11 Evaluated By jane.doe@gov.bc.ca

Organization FREP District DSC Sunshine Coast

Current Archive Targeted

New Site New Opening

Culverts Location Components Surface Erosion Mass Wasting Stream Characteristics Range Summary Comments

GPS Latitude 49.414804 Longitude -123.500801 Altitude 115.641489

Horizontal Accuracy 17 Altitude Accuracy 13

UTM Zone 10 BC Albers

Easting 463675 X

Northing 5473690 Y

Road Permit Holder

Road Reference

Road Surface Quality

Road Use

Related Riparian

Opening ID

Site ID

Watershed/Stream

Names No Names Found

FWA Code 900.121320 Route Measure m

Known Domestic Intake Downstream

Distance from site to intake downstream

Community Watershed

Fish Stream? Yes

Water Quality Resource Stewardship Monitoring Form 2 Side 1

Organization FREP

District DSC Sunshine Coast

Current Archive Targeted

New Site New Opening

Culverts Location Components Surface Erosion Mass Wasting Stream Characteristics Range Summary Comments

X Culvert Diameter 800mm

Arch Culvert Width

Wooden Culvert Width

Embedded Culvert Width

X Bridge Length

Site Type Stream crossings

WQEE Field 2022

Video Tutorials WQEE Field Map Current Sites Import PDF XLXS

BRITISH COLUMBIA The Best Place on Earth Forest and Range Evaluation Program

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Date Created 2022-03-11 Evaluated By jane.doe@gov.bc.ca

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Current Archive Targeted

New Site New Opening

Culverts Location Components Surface Erosion Mass Wasting Stream Characteristics Range Summary Comments

Components and Characteristics

Column 1 Identify individual components of the site within the shared drainage (Table 2)

Column 2 Estimate connectivity between artificial and natural drainage

Column 3 Estimate Portion of fine sediment in matrix of eroded/ erodible material (Table 5) Active road surfaces always 1

Optionally refine your estimate using table 4

Distance over forest floor between ditch outlet and wetted width of stream (m)

Approximate area of disturbed drainage area upslope of storm drainage outfall (m2)

Road surfaces	L Left	DS	0 None			1 all
Road ditches						
Other disturbed area						

FREP WQ app

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1:53 PM Fri Feb 10

WQEE Field 2022

Video Tutorials WQEE Field Map Current Sites Import PDF XLXS

Forest and Range Evaluation Program

Water Quality Resource Stewardship Monitoring Form 2 Side 1

Organization FREP District DSC Sunshine Coast

Sample Site ID 1 Other ID test Date Created 2022-03-11 Evaluated By jane.doe@gov.bc.ca

Current Archive Targeted

New Site New Opening

	Culverts	Location	Components	Surface Erosion	Mass Wasting	Stream Characteristics	Range	Summary	Comments
Estimated discharge				☐ m3 ☒ l/s	5	V Velocity of stream m/sec mannings formula (m/s)		1.16	
w Wetted width at bankfull capacity (m)					5	D Mannings formula (m3/s)		2.32	
d Average depth of water at bankfull capacity (m)					.4	Volume of sediment from WQ protocol (m3)		0.40	
A Stream cross section (m2)					2	Time of delivery: duration in days		10 Days	
P Wetted perimeter (m)					5.8	Weight of sediment 1000kgs		0.64	
R Effective radius of stream A over P					0.34	Weight of sediment per second mg over sec		740.74	
S Stream channel gradient %					2	Concentration of sediment in mg/l over duration		0.32	
N Manning coefficient of roughness					Boulders	Turbidity Increase over duration (immediately downstream) (ntu)		0.16	
Fish Stream?					Yes	Severity of Ill effect on sensitive fish (immediately downstream)		No Effect	

BFC Characteristics

Stream roughness Turbidity table 1 - 5 m wide 5 - 20 m wide 20 - 40 m wide > 40 m wide

Module 2 FREP WQEE Stream Characteristics

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WQEE Field 2022

Video Tutorials WQEE Field Map Current Sites Import PDF XLXS

Forest and Range Evaluation Program

Water Quality Resource Stewardship Monitoring Form 2 Side 1

Organization FREP District DSC Sunshine Coast

Sample Site ID 1 Other ID test Date Created 2022-03-11 Evaluated By jane.doe@gov.bc.ca

Current Archive Targeted

New Site New Opening

	Culverts	Location	Components	Surface Erosion	Mass Wasting	Stream Characteristics	Range	Summary	Comments
Total fine sediment generation from surface erosion for site (m3)					0.000	Total impervious area contributing to stream at site (m2)		0	
Total fine sediment generation from mass wasting at site (m3)					0.400	Module 3 FREP WQEE Management Implications			
Grand total fine sediment for site (m3)					0.400	Fisheries impact Possible Solutions Bar Chart Water Quality Rating			
Total coarse sediment generation (m3)					1.600				
Required rating for FREP evaluations					Low				
Severity of Ill effect on sensitive fish (immediately downstream)					No Effect				
Potential mass wasting contributions observed					Yes				

Checklist of Possible Solutions to Reduce Fine Sediment Generation

Location Of Road Design Of Road & Cutblock Construction/Harvesting Management/Maintenance Deactivation Other

To be considered in future road alignments

- ☒ 1. Locate road away from stream
- ☐ 2. Avoid steep, unstable slopes or ensure adequate engineering of alignment
- ☐ 3. Avoid stream crossing where lay of land requires road approaches with long gradients flowing towards stream.

Results: By Area (2008-2021)

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Score	North (%)	South (%)	Coast (%)	Province (%)
Very Low (<0.2 m3)	29	26	29	28
Low (0.2 – 1m3)	35	45	48	43
Moderate (1-5m3)	25	24	21	23
High (>5m3)	10	5	2	5
Sample size	2464	3290	3759	9513

Results: By Year (2021), by Feature

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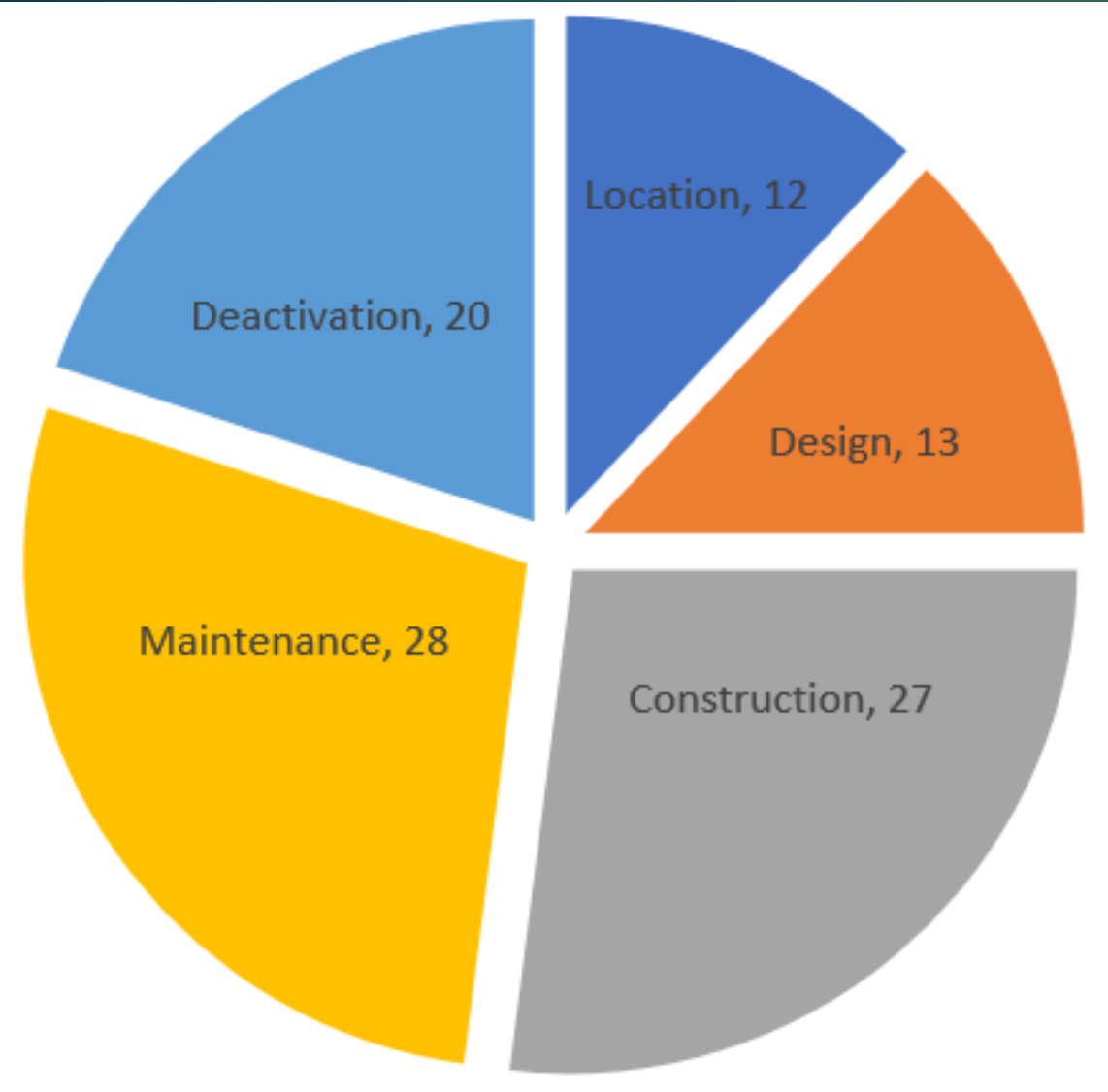
Count of District	Column Labels						
Row Labels	Very Low	Low	Moderate	High	Very High	Grand Total	Mod.+ %
DCC	31	40	25	2		98	28
DCK	13	16	8	1		38	24
DCR	1	2	1			4	25
DCS	27	29	18	4		78	15
DKA	7	15	9	2	1	34	35
DKM	6	5	5			16	31
DMH	7	14	10	1		32	34
DMK	3	3	8	5		19	68
DND	4	4	4			12	33
DNI	13	24	14			51	28
DOS	5	15	12			32	38
DPC		1	4			5	80
DPG	4	5	1			10	10
DRM	38	15	8	1		62	15
DSE	6	6	1			13	8
DSI	7	26	10		1	44	23
DSN	4	8	4			16	25
DSQ	7	22	12			41	29
DSS	12	14	2	5	1	34	24
(blank)							
Grand Total	195	264	156	21	3	639	28
DFN						0	
DQU						0	
DSC						0	
DQC						0	

Count of Road Use	Column Labels						
Row Labels	Very Low	Low	Moderate	High	Very High	(blank)	Grand Total
Deactivated	36	42	11	1			90
Light	66	119	58	5	3		251
Moderate	25	68	43	3	3		142
Heavy	7	13	13	7	1		41
(blank)							
Grand Total	134	242	125	16	7		524

Count of Stream class	Column Labels					
Row Labels	No Effect	Slightly impaired	Moderately impaired	Severely Impacted	Undefined	(blank) Grand Total
<1.5	66	8	4	4	246	328
1.5-5	78	4	4	2	88	176
5-20	37				9	46
>20	8				2	10
(blank)						
Grand Total	189	12	8	6	345	560

Results: 2008 – 2021 Recommendations for Improvement

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Recommendations for improvement (2008-2021)		
Road phase	Recommendation	Prov. %
Location	Locate road away from stream	2
	Avoid steep unstable slopes	2
	Avoid stream crossing	8
	Sub-total	12
Design	Avoid deeply dug ditches	4
	Plan for <u>sufficient number of</u> culverts	4
	Design bridge deck higher than road grade	3
	Design narrower road	2
	Ensure that remaining trees are wind firm	0
	Sub-total	13
Construction	Avoid soil disturbance wherever possible	2
	Spread out logging debris	12
	Avoid compaction of skid trails	0
	Use good quality road materials	5
	Place rock armouring over areas of conc. flow	3
	Construct sediment basin	4
	Sub-total	26
Maintenance	Ensure good quality road fill	10
	Manage grader berms	14
	Reduce vehicular traffic during wet weather	3
	Reduce vehicular traffic on road	1
	Clean stream to former condition	0
	Improve range management	1
	Sub-total	29
Deactivation	Install strategically placed cross ditches	17
	Move unstable road fill to safe location	1
	Pull culverts armour crossing	2
	Sub-total	20
	Total	5677

Results: FREP Dashboard

FREP Dashboard



- Context
- Data Assumptions and Limitations
- Impact Rating Criteria
- Riparian
- Visual Quality
- Water Quality
- Stand Level Biodiversity
- Cultural Heritage

Province sampling up to 2021



Water Quality Condition

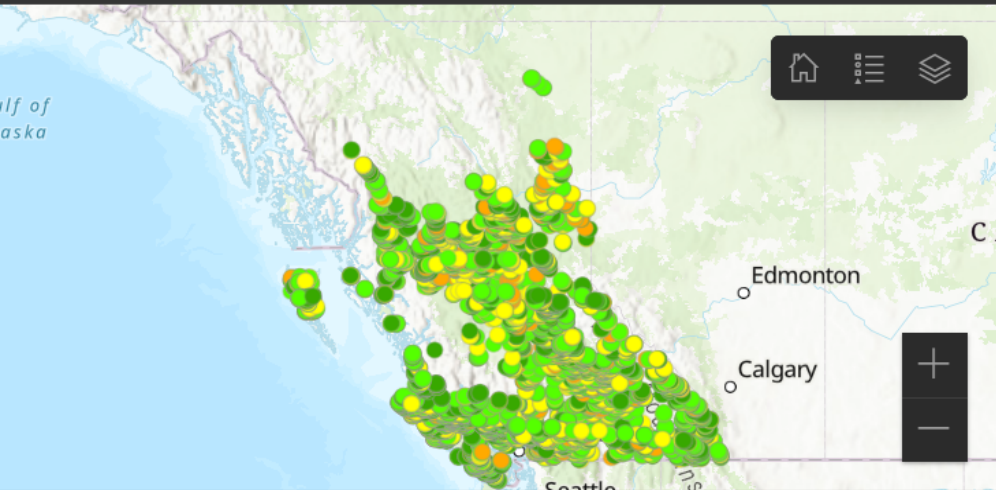
Natural Resource District
No Selection

Timber Supply Area (TSA)
No Selection

Tree Farm License (TFL)
No Selection

Evaluation Year
No Selection

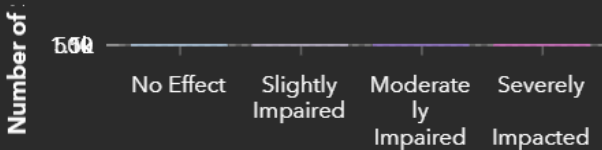
Harvest Year
No Selection



Esri, USGS | Esri, Garmin, FAO, NOAA, USGS, EPA, NRCan, Parks Can... Powered by Esri

Last Updated at
(DD/MM/YYYY)
03/05/2022

Severity of ill effects on fish habitat (where defined)



FREP Value Lead:
Dave Maloney
david.maloney@

Impact Ratings



- Very Low (28%)
- Low (43%)
- Moderate (23%)

Interpretation for Impact Ratings

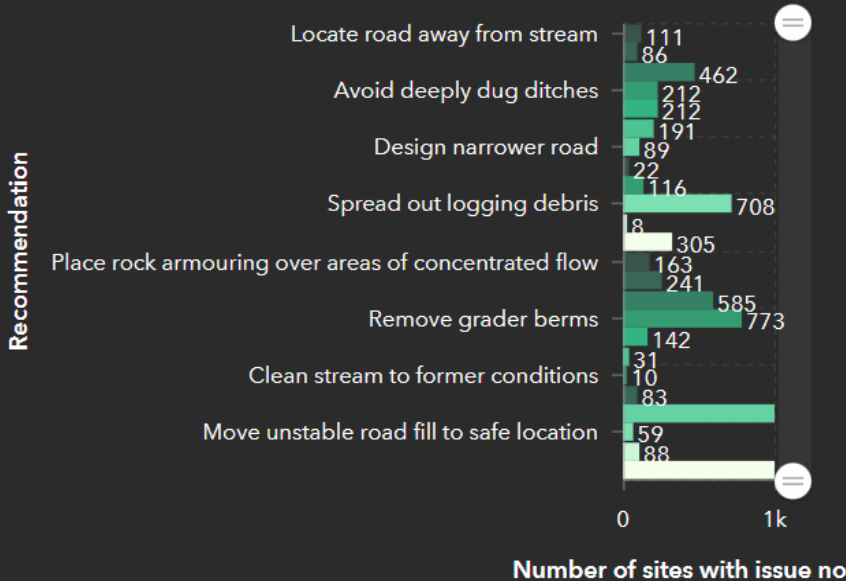
Road sediment issues by road life phase



- Location (11%)
- Design (9%)

possible to have multiple issues per site

Recommendations to reduce fine sediment generation



Recommendations Chart

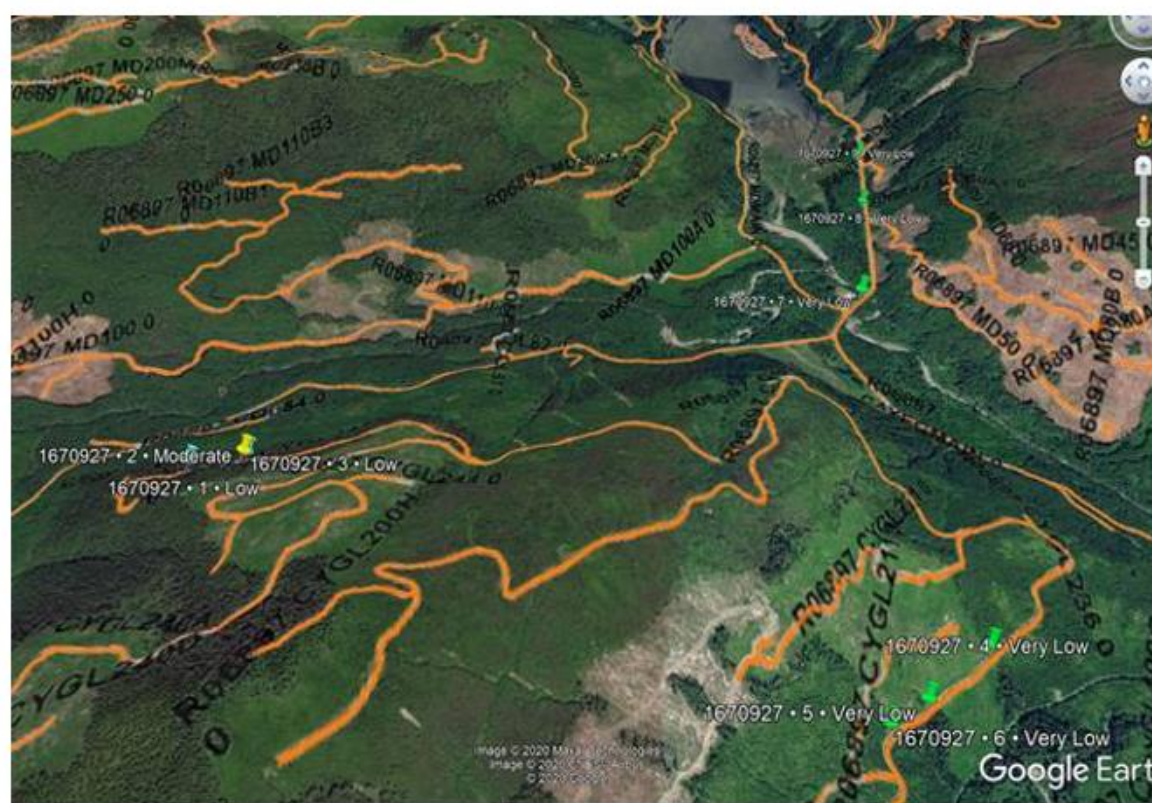
FREP WEBSITE (OR GOOGLE FREP DASHBOARD)

<https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/industry/forestry/managing-our-forest-resources/integrated-resource-monitoring/forest-range-evaluation-program>

Application of Results: District reporting

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A FREP water quality assessment was conducted in WFP's Jeune Landing Operation on the Cygl road system and Marine Drive (RO6897) starting in Cutblock 33507.



The FREP Water Quality Effectiveness Evaluation (WQEE) protocol evaluates the potential of forestry disturbed sites (ie roads, landslides) to generate and transport fine sediment to natural water bodies, including fish streams and (or) drinking water sources.

Nine sample locations were assessed. Sample locations and ratings are provided in the attached KML file. Of the 9 sample locations, 8 sample sites were rated as **Low** or **Very Low** and 1 sample site was rated as **Moderate**. One sample site (Sample Site 3) was rated as **Low** but could easily have become a **High**. A rating of **Low** or **Very Low** indicates good water quality management at the time of sampling and that no action is required. A rating of **Moderate** or **High** indicates some concerns and will have recommendations for improvement. Definitions of the ratings are provided in Table 11 below.

Findings

Sample Site 2-Moderate



Photo 2-1

The **Moderate** rating at Sample Site 2 is due to the 100m long section of road and the adjacent unstable cutbank that transport sediment towards the stream. The rating would change to **Low** by:

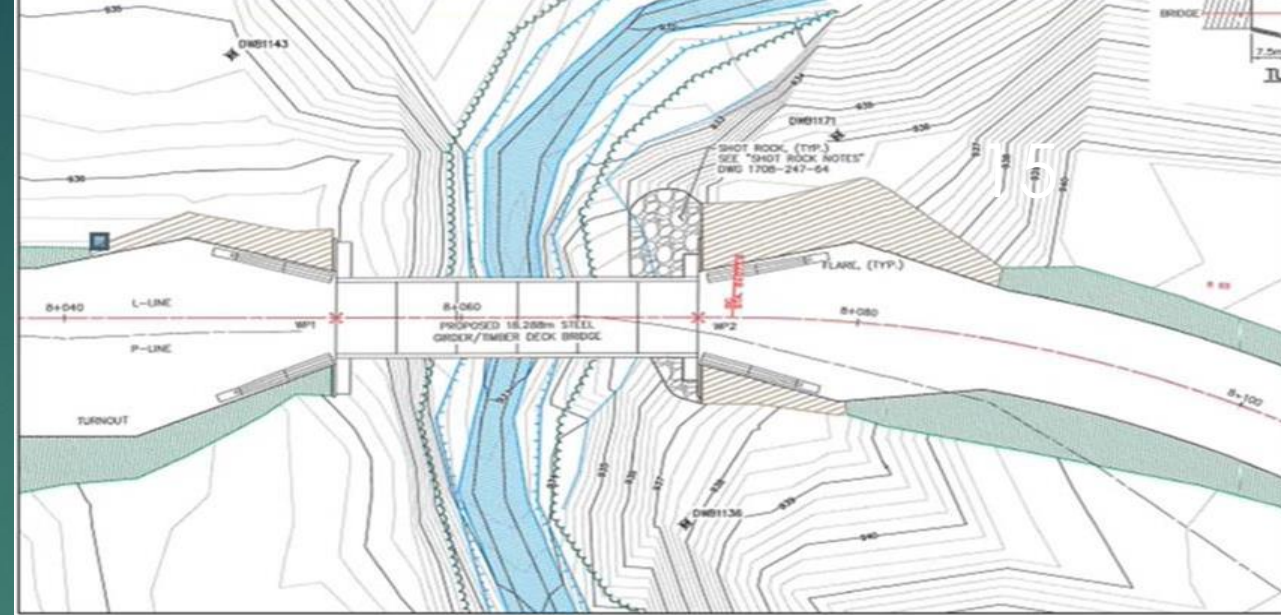
- Installing effective waterbars and/or cross-ditches and ditch blocks at strategic locations
- Stabilizing the erodible portions of the cutbank (armoring, grass-seeding, bio-engineering, spreading logging slash over exposed soil).

Reports can be:

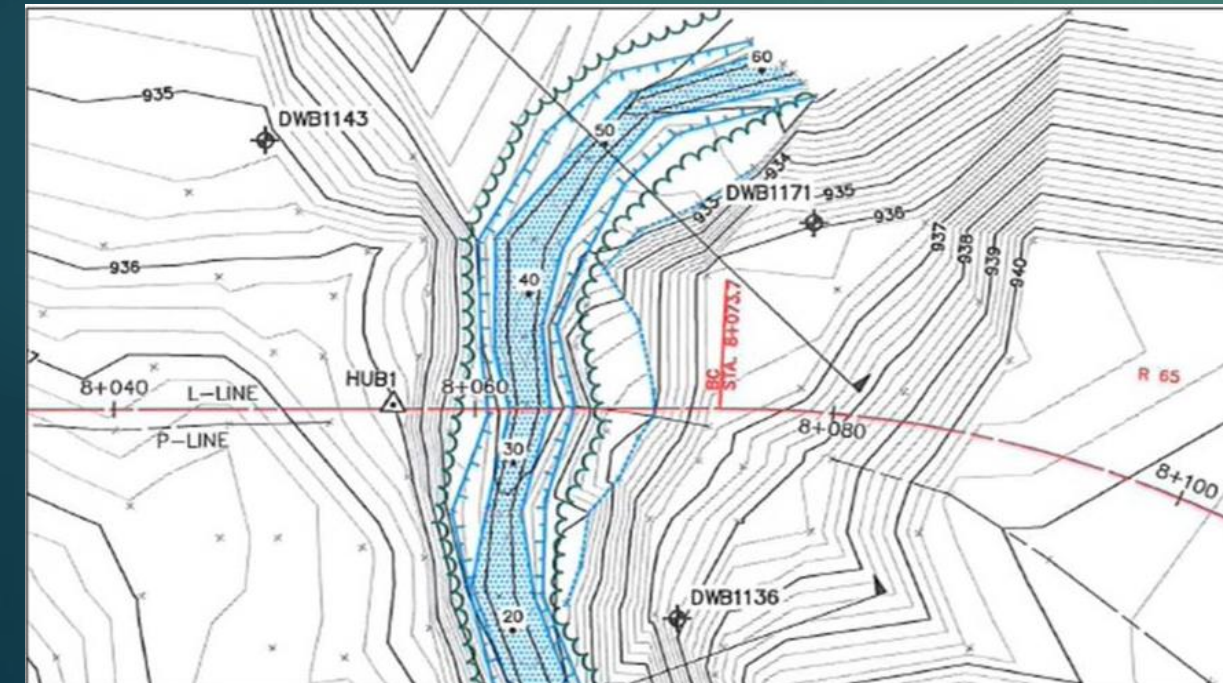
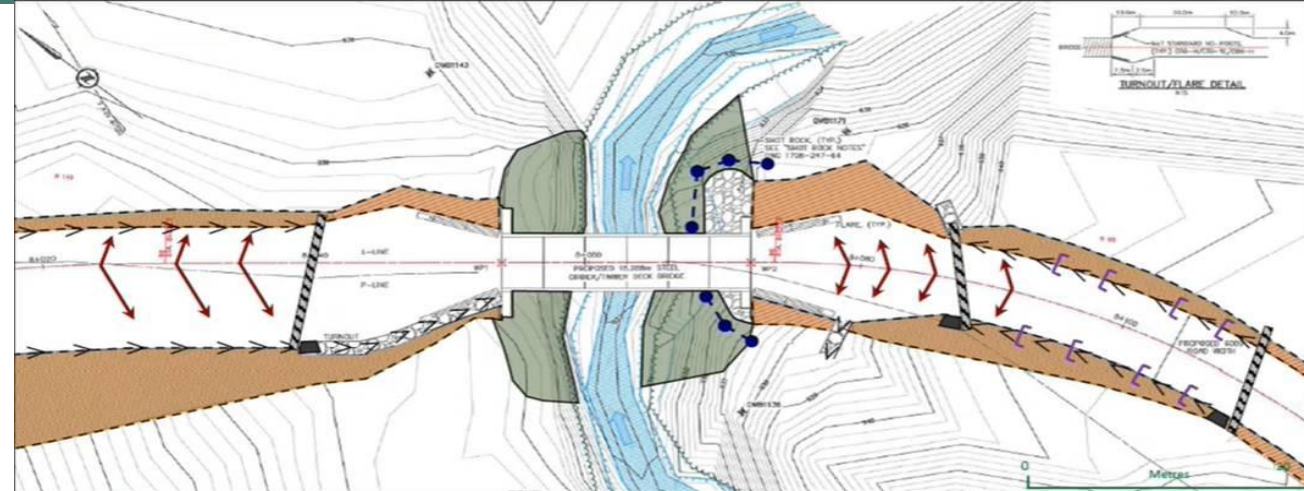
- End of to day to report an emergency situation
- Mini report / end of season – as above
- Data to server requiring reviewed/certified data

Application of Results: Industry partners

- ▶ Awareness of fine sediment as an issue
- ▶ Be prepared to manage sediment for all road life stages
- ▶ Grader course mandatory
- ▶ Communication between resource managers
- ▶ FREP WQEE assessment information
- ▶ Engineering Manual
- ▶ Monitor
- ▶ Know what is happening on the ground in your district
- ▶ FREP WQEE
- ▶ Knowledge / remediation
- ▶ Use FREP WQEE data (Moderates/Highs), site remediation
- ▶ On-site training - FPIinnovations, FREP WQEE, BCTS, licensees



Erosion and sediment control plan



SEDIMENT FENCE		DUFF / VEGETATION RETENTION	
WATER BAR		STRAW / WOOD MULCH	
WING DITCH		SURFACE ROUGHENING / SEED	
DITCH BLOCK		COIR MATTING	
COIR LOG		SOIL RETAINING BERM	
WATTLE		CULVERT	
CHECK DAM		CROWN ROAD SURFACE	
SEDIMENT TRAP		BENCH MARK	
WOODY DEBRIS BERM			
SCATTER WOODY DEBRIS ON SLOPE			

Application of Results



Chapter 9: Forest Resource Road and Crossing Erosion and Sediment Management

Forest resource roads and crossings are sources of sediment. This chapter provides general guidance for considerations for forest resource road erosion and sediment management for those involved with Forest Service Roads.

Roads and associated crossings should be designed, constructed, inspected, maintained, and deactivated recognizing that they are sources of sediment that can detrimentally impact upon other forest resources such as water quality, fish streams and fish habitat.

Consideration for management of sediment should be made through the life-cycle phases of forest resource roads and crossings. Each phase impacts sediment development and mobilization. It is more effective and efficient to integrate sediment management in road activities than to deal with it in a reactive manner. Plan all activities to minimize the potential for sediment development and movement.

FLNRORD Engineering Manual - engineering roads policy, procedures, guidance manual for engineering activities associated with forest and resource roads

Chapter 9: Forest Resource Road and Crossing Erosion and Sediment Management

9.1 Road and Crossing Life Cycle Phases and Sediment

- 9.1.1 Planning and design
- 9.1.2 Construction
- 9.1.3 Inspection
- 9.1.4 Maintenance
- 9.1.5 Deactivation

9.2 Resources

https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/industry/natural-resource-use/resource-roads/engineering-publications-permits/engineering-manual/resource-road-and-crossing-erosion-and-sediment-management#life_cycle_phases

FREP WQ Reports & Publications

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- ▶ Sustainable Forest Management Practices
- ▶ Timber Supply Review & Allowable Annual Cut
- ▶ Forest Inventory
- ▶ Forest Health
 - Soil Conservation
- ▶ Forest Stewardship Plans
- ▶ Silviculture
 - Wildfire Management
- ▶ Tree Seed
- ▶ Visual Resource Management
- ▼ Integrated Resource Monitoring
 - Integrated Monitoring Reports
- ▼ Forest & Range Evaluation Program
 - ▶ FREP Monitoring Protocols
 - FREP Multiple Resource Value Assessments
 - FREP Reports & Publications**
- ▶ Managed Resource Features

FREP Reports & Publications

The Forest & Range Evaluation Program (FREP) produces a variety of publications such as scientific reports, annual reports and newsletters. Click on the drop-down arrows below for more information and to view the individual publications.

Expand All | Collapse All

- FREP Assistant Deputy Minister's Reports** ▼
- FREP Multiple Resource Value Assessment (MRVA) Reports** ▼
- FREP Reports** ▼
- FREP Extension Notes** ▼
- FREP Technical Guidance** ▼
- Watershed Status Evaluation Reports** ▼
- FREP Newsletters** ▼
- Strategic Plans** ▼
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Contact Information

For more information about the program:

▪ FREP@gov.bc.ca

FREP

REPORT #42
March 2021

WATER QUALITY EFFECTIVENESS EVALUATION

Water Quality Data Summary
for 2008-2020

PREPARED BY:
David Maloney and Brian Carson



Links to FREP extension notes and reports:

- ▶ [FREP Extension Note #7 \(PDF, 1.4MB\)](#): Why the Forest and Range Evaluation Program is Important to You as a Forest Manager and Decision Maker
- ▶ [FREP Extension Note #12 \(PDF, 2.3MB\)](#): What is a Water Quality Effectiveness Evaluation?
- ▶ [FREP Extension Note #22 \(PDF, 1.2MB\)](#): Summary of Provincial Water Quality Effectiveness Evaluation Results (2008-2010)
- ▶ [FREP Extension Note #29 \(PDF\)](#): Water Quality Effectiveness Evaluation Results (2008-2012): Results and Opportunities For Continued Improvement
- ▶ [FREP Extension Note #31 \(PDF\)](#): Potential Uses of the FREP Water Quality Effectiveness Evaluation Procedure
- ▶ [FREP Report #42 \(PDF, 7 MB\)](#): Water Quality Effectiveness Evaluation: Water Quality Data Summary for 2008-2020
- ▶ The FREP WQ app is available to everyone (free)
- ▶ FREP WQ app protocol at: https://www2.gov.bc.ca/assets/gov/farming-natural-resources-and-industry/forestry/frep/protocol-documents/2018_wqee_protocol.pdf

Thank you