

DETAILED SITE ASSESSMENT FOR FORESTRY HERBICIDE APPLICATIONS

1. Tenure Identification

LICENSEE NAME:	BCTS – Chinook Business Unit	PMP NUMBER:	402-0670-17/22
DISTRICT:	Chilliwack Natural Resources District		

2. Location, Access and History

OPENING NO.	92H.042-121	LICENCE:	A88549	CP / BLOCK:	APR-88549/CB113
GENERAL LOCATION:	Chilliwack Forest District	SPECIFIC LOCATION:	Harrison East / Slollicum Creek	LAT / LONG:	49° 24' 55" N 121° 45' 46" W
STANDARDS UNIT:	1	SLOPE / ASPECT:	10-60% (30% avg)/ W	ELEVATION RANGE:	200-320 m
ACCESS:	Drive	4X4	Access Details: Take Harrison East FSR. Access block from the mainline at ~9.5 km.	HISTORY:	DIST 12 PL 13

3. Target Vegetation Description, Objective and Rationale for Treatment

TREATMENT UNIT:	A
AREA (ha):	2.0
TARGET VEGETATION: (common name)	Alder, Birch, Cherry, Cottonwood, Maples, Willow
DECIDUOUS TREE HT (m) / SPH / DIAM (cm):	2.0-4.0 m / 800-1400 sph / 2-5 cm (3 cm avg)
SHRUB HEIGHT (m) / % COVER:	2.0 m / 15%
HERB HEIGHT (m) / % COVER:	1.0 m / 40%
NON-TARGET VEGETATION:	Herbs, shrubs
PRIMARY OBJECTIVE:	Brushing
Rationale For Treatment:	Brushing is required to control overtopping deciduous species including Mb, Dr, and Act. Ep. FG objectives (150% height of competing vegetation) will not be achieved without treatment of this area. Many planted trees were found dead from past VS suppression (15%), and a further 10% are currently under VS. However, surviving conifers have successfully emerged from lower herbs and shrubs and are now growing better.

4. Crop Tree Description and Recent Survey Activity

CROP TREE SPECIES / HEIGHT (m) / WS (sph)::	Fd,Cw 1.3 / 700
% IMPEDED BY BRUSH: (Total WS)	40%
PREF (ACC) SPECIES: (From SP)	Fd,Cw (Pw,Hw)
RECENT SURVEY:	SU BR WALK / 2016 11

5. Pesticide, Treatment Methods and Timing

TREATMENT UNIT:	A
PRODUCT:	Release (Triclopyr ester)
METHOD:	Basal spray
TECHNIQUE:	Streamline
MAX APPLICATION RATE (L/ha):	15.0
EST. REQUIRED PRODUCT (L):	8.4
APPLICATION TIMING:	April – June 2017

6. Bodies of Water, Water Courses and Wetland Areas

RIPARIAN FEATURE ID	RIPARIAN CLASS	ACTIONS PRESCRIBED TO PROTECT RIPARIAN FEATURES
A, B, C-1, C-3, D, F, G	S6	All streams and riparian features must be managed according to Table 3.1 - "Minimum Pesticide Free Zone and Buffer Widths" of BCTS, Chinook Business Area, Pest Management Plan #738-0018-12/17. *Only non-classified drainages, J and K are near treatment unit 1, falling boundary was established to exclude most of these areas.
C-2, L	W4	
E, H, I, *J, *K	NCD	

7. Other Resource Values and Interests

CONCERNS IDENTIFIED	ACTIONS PRESCRIBED TO PROTECT OTHER RESOURCE VALUES		
Crop trees	Unit A: Target all competing hardwood stems within 2m of well-spaced conifers and those deciduous stems whose branches encroach within a 2 m radius of any well-spaced crop trees. Manually brush PFZ areas – keep all crop trees free from brushing slash concurrent with treatment.		
Riparian areas	Establish a 10 m PFZ + 2 m buffer for backpack basal treatment near wet or dry S6 & NCD streams. All woody brushing slash must be removed from stream channels and ditches concurrent with brushing treatment. Do not fuel saw, transfer fuel, or store fuel within any riparian management area.		
DSA PREPARED BY:	Janet Li, reviewed by Matt Day	FOR:	B.A. Blackwell and Associates Ltd.
DATE:	13 Jan 2017	ATTACHMENTS:	Map

Photo 1- Overview – patchy tall hardwoods



Photo 2 - Low stocking and high competition from thimbleberry, maple and alder



Photo 3 - Lower west part of opening, competition from thimbleberry, bracken, and maple



Photo 4 - Alder, cottonwood, maple and thick thimbleberry



Photo 5 - Some Fd growing well, patchy hardwoods



Photo 6 - Tycpial VS tree



