

Red-Listed Plant Communities**Central and North Coast Area**

Objectives for red-listed plant communities apply when they meet the age, stand structure and area criteria listed at the end of this schedule.

Biogeoclimatic Unit	Site Series Identifier	English Name
BAFA	-	purple reedgrass Herbaceous vegetation
CMA	-	purple reedgrass Herbaceous Vegetation
CWHds2	01	western hemlock - Douglas-fir / electrified cat's-tail moss Dry Submaritime 2
	02	Douglas-fir - lodgepole pine / kinnikinnick Dry Submaritime
	04	Douglas-fir / Douglas maple / Hooker's fairybells
	06	western hemlock / queen's cup
	07	western redcedar / devil's club
	08	western hemlock – black cottonwood / salmonberry
CWHms2	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	07	Sitka spruce / salmonberry Moist Submaritime
	09	black cottonwood / Sitka willow - thimbleberry
CWHvh2	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	08	Sitka spruce / false lily-of-the-valley Wet Hypermaritime 1
	09	Sitka spruce / tall trisetum
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
	Wf52	sweet gale / Sitka sedge
CWHvm1	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	09	Sitka spruce / salmonberry Very Wet Maritime
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
CWHvm2	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
CWHwm	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
	Wf52	sweet gale / Sitka sedge
CWHws1	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	02	lodgepole pine / kinnikinnick
	07	Sitka spruce / salmonberry
CWHws2	02	lodgepole pine / kinnikinnick
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
ESSFmc	-	Sandberg's bluegrass - slender wheatgrass
	-	Saskatoon / slender wheatgrass
	Wf09	few-flowered spike-rush / hook-mosses
ESSFvx1	Wf09	few-flowered spike-rush / hook-mosses

Biogeoclimatic Unit	Site Series Identifier	English Name
IDFww	04	Douglas-fir / Douglas maple / Hooker's fairybells
MHmm1	00	pearly everlasting - leafy aster
	00	spreading phlox - Wallace's selaginella
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
MHmmp	00	purple reedgrass Herbaceous Vegetation
MSdc2	Gs02	Nuttall's alkaligrass - foxtail barley
SBSmc2	-	Sandberg's bluegrass - slender wheatgrass
	-	Saskatoon / slender wheatgrass
	Wf09	few-flowered spike-rush / hook-mosses
	Wf10	Hudson Bay clubrush / rusty hook-moss

Schedule N

South Central Coast Area

Objectives for red-listed plant communities apply when they meet the age and area criteria listed at the end of this schedule.

Biogeoclimatic Unit	Site series identifier	English Name
BAFA	-	purple reedgrass Herbaceous vegetation
CMA	-	purple reedgrass Herbaceous Vegetation
CWHdm	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	02	Douglas-fir - lodgepole pine / oceanspray / reindeer lichens
	06	western hemlock - western redcedar / deer fern
	08	Sitka spruce / salmonberry Dry
	13	western redcedar / salmonberry
	14	western redcedar / black twinberry
CWHds2	01	western hemlock - Douglas-fir / electrified cat's-tail moss Dry Submaritime 2
	02	Douglas-fir - lodgepole pine / kinnikinnick Dry Submaritime
	04	Douglas-fir / Douglas maple / Hooker's fairybells
	06	western hemlock / queen's cup
	07	western redcedar / devil's club
	08	western hemlock - black cottonwood / salmonberry
CWHmm1	03	western hemlock-western redcedar / salal Moist Maritime 1
	05	amabilis fir - western redcedar / three-leaved foamflower Moist Maritime 1
	06	western hemlock - amabilis fir / deer fern Moist Maritime
	07	amabilis fir - western redcedar / salmonberry Moist Maritime 1
	Wf52	sweet gale / Sitka sedge
	Wf53	slender sedge - white beak-rush
	Wm51	three-way sedge
CWHmm2	06	western hemlock - amabilis fir / deer fern Moist Maritime
	Wf52	sweet gale / Sitka sedge
	Wf53	slender sedge - white beak-rush
CWHvh1	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	-	dune bluegrass Herbaceous Vegetation
	00	large-headed sedge Herbaceous Vegetation
	08	Sitka spruce / false lily-of-the-valley Very Wet Hypermaritime1
	09	Sitka spruce / tall trisetum
CWHvh2	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	08	Sitka spruce / false lily-of-the-valley Wet Hypermaritime 1
	09	Sitka spruce / tall trisetum
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
	Wf52	sweet gale / Sitka sedge
CWHvm1	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	09	Sitka spruce / salmonberry Very Wet Maritime
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses

Biogeoclimatic Unit	Site series identifier	English Name
CWHvm2	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
CWHws2	02	lodgepole pine / kinnikinnick
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses
CWHxm2	-	dune wildrye - beach pea
	01	western hemlock - Douglas-fir / Oregon beaked-moss
	02	Douglas-fir - lodgepole pine / reindeer lichens
	06	western hemlock - western redcedar / deer fern
	08	Sitka spruce / salmonberry Very Dry Maritime
	13	western redcedar / salmonberry
	14	western redcedar / black twinberry
	Wf52	sweet gale / Sitka sedge
	Wf53	slender sedge - white beak-rush
	Wm51	three-way sedge
IDFdw	Gs02	Nuttall's alkaligrass - foxtail barley
IDFww	04	Douglas-fir / Douglas maple / Hooker's fairybells
MHmm1	00	pearly everlasting - leafy aster
	00	spreading phlox - Wallace's selaginella
	Wf51	Sitka sedge / peat-mosses

- (1) For the purposes of the objectives for red-listed plant communities, to be considered an occurrence a plant community must:
 - (a) be sufficiently established; and
 - (b) have a minimum area of:
 - (i) 0.25 hectares if it is a discrete occurrence; or
 - (i) 2.0 hectares if it is a complex occurrence where the red-listed plant community is the dominant community.
- (2) Where the plant community is associated with forest less than 200 years of age, to be considered an occurrence the plant community must also:
 - (a) be a floodplain ecosystem;
 - (b) have a veteran overstory tree layer¹ remaining; or
 - (c) have a structural stage of 6 or 7.

¹ “Veteran overstory tree layer” means trees that are considerably older than the rest of the stand and are remnants of a much older stand. Veteran trees will have a much larger diameter or height than the main stand. The size or age of the trees, along with the density of veteran trees required to constitute a layer will be dependent on the characteristics of the rest of the stand as well as the overstory trees.